

part no. pkg. wt. 216 70 g **77.116.**1003.36

LED ovendoor lamp

- Easy installation by swivel-screw fixing
 Symmetric light distribution for optimised illumination of the oven muffle

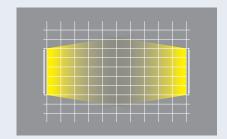
Material thickness: 0.5 - 1.0 mm

- Variable LED-Parameter (CCT, CRI, Anzahl) möglich.
- Sprung in die nächste Energie-Efficiencyklasse möglich
- Schutzklasse III durch den Betrieb an SELV-Spannung
- Max. mögliche Bestromung der Leuchte ist im ungünstigste Betriebszustand zu ermitteln
- Die Auswahl unserer Produkte, sowie der technisch richtige Einbau gemäß den entsprechenden Vorschriften (z.B. IEC 62031 und IEC60335), obliegen dem Anwender.

Photometric data	
Number of LEDs	9
Luminous flux @Ta25° C @ If typical	300 lm
Colour temperature	3.000 K
Colour Rendering Index CRI	> 80
Colour tolerance	< 3.5 SDMC
Beam angle	120°
Temperature data	
Max. temperature @ Tc point of heat sink	100° C
Electrical data	
Operating mode	Constant voltage
Operating current If	295 mA
Operational voltage Uf	12 V
Power consumption	3.5 W
Efficiency	85.7 lm / W
Dimmable	No
Materials	
Heat sink	Aluminium
End caps	PET
Wires	FEP 0.35 mm², 120 mm
Wire ends	with socket Molex MINIFIT
Protective glass	Borosilicate, frosted
Average life span (L70 / B50)	50.000 h (according to BJB test requirements)

Tolerances of optical and electrical data: ± 10 %.

Symmetric light distribution



HOT - LED Oven lamp, Square

77.116 · General information



EOS/ESD safety guidelines

Some components of the BJB /// OEM – Line Modular System might be harmed by electrostatic discharge (ESD) and electrical overstress (EOS) and may only be installed in the factory and on the factory and the factory and on the factory and the factory and on the factory and on the factory and on the

Modules where no contact to the LED module is possible do not need special measures for protection of electostatic discharge (ESD).

Assembly instructions

The LED module may be exposed to tensile or compressive stresses.

Note to chemical reactions

Chemical substances may harm the LED module. This could lead to reduced luminous flux, colour shift or total failure of the module caused by corrosion of electrical connections. Avoid corrosive atmosphere during usage and storage.

Life span and lumen maintenance

The light output of an LED module decreases over the life-time, this is characterized with the L value.

L70 means that the LED module will give 70 % of its initial luminous flux. This value is always related to the number of operation hours and therefore defines the lifetime of an LED module. As the L value is a statistical value and the lumen maintenace may vary over the delivered LED modules.

$Thermal\,design,\,tc\,point,\,ambient\,temperature\,and\,life-time$

The rated life of a LED module depends to a large extent on the temperature. If the permissible temperature limits are exceeded, the life of the LED module will be greatly reduced or the module may be destroyed.

The temperature at to reference point is crucial for the light output and life-time of a LED module.

Electrical supply

- $\bullet \ \, \text{The LED modules have no special protection against overvoltage, overcurrent, overload or short-circuit currents.}$
- To ensure reliable and safe operation a converter must be used which corresponds to the relevant regulations
- The BJB LED modules can be operated on SELV converters.
- The use of converters that provide constant current, permanent damage may occur.
- Wrong polarity may cause damage to the BJB LED components..