

# **Supplier Self-Assessment**

Company:

## Recipient:

BJB GmbH & Co. KG

Werler Str. 1

59755 Arnsberg

Germany

www.bjb.com



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	Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)  Working conditions and human rights  Business Ethics  Environment



Dear Sir or Madam,

you are requested to complete the following questionnaire in order to evaluate you as a potential supplier or to update our records as appropriate. This Self-Assessment Questionnaire is intended to enable suppliers to provide information regarding their management systems and practices. Please attach relevant comments or documents as required. All questionnaire responses will be securely maintained and will be accessible for future review and updating. Suppliers will be able to revise their responses as their practices and procedures evolve.

1. Basic company (S Company name:			Website:		
Company address:					
Founded:					
UST-ID-NR. / VAT ID n	umber:	Hane	delre	egister / Commercial register:	ļ
Group affiliation:					
Subsidiaries:		Trad	le ag	encies:	
1.1 Please indicate	the ownership of your c	ompany			
privately owned	publicly traded	-		government owned	
shareholder	other:				



	urnover / export amount /		
current year	current year -1	current year -2	
Total turnover			
Export amount			
Investment volume			
Net profit/loss			
1.3 Currency			
USD \$	EUR€	Others:	
1.4 Contact details  Person Name	Phone	E-Mail	
R&D (Research &			
Development			
Sales (responsible for			
BJB)			
Quality management			
Quality Control			
Logistic			
Customer complaints			
Production			
Environment			
Human Resources			
1.5 Major customers	S		
1 <sup>st</sup>			
2 <sup>nd</sup>			
3 <sup>rd</sup>			
4 <sup>th</sup>			
5 <sup>th</sup>			



1.6 Major suppliers of goods supplied or used for BJB

1st		
2 <sup>nd</sup>		
3 <sup>rd</sup>		
4 <sup>th</sup>		
5 <sup>th</sup>		

1.7 What is the principal business of your company? (Check all that apply)

final assembly	component manufacturing	plating, painting or stamping	printed circuit boards
recycling or disposal	distribution	raw material extraction	service
other:			

1.8 Procurement Program BJB (Check all that apply):

Standard thermoplastics	Occupational health and safety supplies	Cables
Technical thermoplastics	Ceramics	Seals
Ferrous and non-ferrous metal strips	Standard components Workshop supplies	Electric components
Bulbs / Halogen bulbs	Logistics services	Office materials
LED Chips / LED Light sources	Miscellaneous	Packaging foil
LED peripherals	Metal moldings	Cardboard containers (corrugated cardboard) + partitions
Glass	Plastic moldings	Manufacturing supplies
Pallets	Styrofoam	
other:		,



1.9	9 Please list the countries where your company has got operating and manufacturing facilities (Country and number of employees):				
1.10 Yes	Does your co		y supply BJB o	r connected co	ompanies (subsidiaries,
If YES	S, where and si	nce when?			
<u>ONL</u>	ONLY FOR CHINESE companies!				
1.11 Yes	1.11 Does your company have an Export License?  Yes No				
Does	it include Euro	pe and USA?			
USA	USA Europe				
1.12	Number of e	mployees			
Tota	al		Purchasing		
Prod	duction		R&D		
Eng	ineering		Sales		
Q.A			HR		



1.13 Checkmark the quality system, regulation or guideline for which your company has a registration (please attach documents):

System / Certification	valid until (dd.mm.yyyy)	Guideline / Regulation	
ISO 9001		IPC-A-610	
ISO/TS 16949		RoHS	
IATF 160949		REACH	
VDA 6.1		Energy Audit acc. DIN EN ISO 50001 (Level)	
CECED Code Of Conduct		Conflict materials	
ISO 14001		ISO 26000	
Old OHSAS 18001 or new ISO 45001		EMAS (EG Nr. 1221/2009)	
ISO/IEC 27001		ISO 50001	
	ufacturing do you have?	o ieces to	piece
		ieces to	
Piece production	лп þі	eces to	piece:
riece production			
1.16 Traceability syster Do you guarantee traceabi		No 📉	
- Supplier			
- Pre-material			
- Production date			
- Production line			

Work station



If YES, please describe your traceability system!
If not, Date (dd.mm.yyyy) planned till
1.17 Which CA-technologies / systems do you use?
CAD/DTP (Construction & Documentation)
CAP (Technical work planning & preparation)
CAM (Manufacturing)
CAE (Analysis & Optimization)
CAQ (Quality assurance)
1.18 Which CAD-Software is applied and which interfaces exist?
1.19 Risk Management  Do you have an Early warning system? Yes No  If YES, how is it organized in case of e.g. technical problems or the delivery deadline?
Do you use one of the following methods to identify and / or to analyze e.g. transport-, quality-, production- and procurement risks?
FMEA (Failure Mode and Effects Analysis) FTA (Fault Tree Analysis)
Ishikawa or fishbone diagram ETA (Event Tree Analysis)
Past consideration (supplier evaluation, audits / revisions)



If it is none of these, please describe your methods!		
1.20 Do you agree with the fact that an assistant of our quality management with an assistant of our purchasing department execute a quality Yes No	•	
1.21 Do you accept our General Terms and Conditions of Purchase ( <u>www.bjb.com</u> )?  Yes No		
1.22 Do you accept BJB SUPPLIER Code of Conduct in German: (V Lieferanten)?	erhaltenskodex für	
Yes No		
1.23 On which trade fairs do you participate?		
Name	Date	
<ul><li>1.24 Are you able to correspond in English language? (A=Basic User C=Proficient User)</li></ul>	; B=Independent User;	
Language level A B C		
Writing level A B C		



## 2 Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)

2.1	,	ility (CSR?)?	
	Yes:	If yes: Please provide responsible contact person	
		Name:	
		Email:	
		Job title:	
	No		
	Backgro	und:	
	that could rights of w	es to practices that contribute to the quality of life of both employees and communible impacted by the company's operations. Companies should respect the human workers, and treat all people with dignity as recognized by the international communion of social topics to address include nondiscrimination, freedom of association, heavy, etc.	n unity.
2.2	Does your Yes:	company have a management person responsible for compliance?  If yes: Please provide responsible contact person	
		Name:	
		Email:	
		Job title:	
	No		

## **Background:**

**Compliance** relates to the principles that guide business conduct in its relations towards its business partners and customers. Companies are expected to uphold the highest standards of integrity and to operate honestly and equitably throughout the supply chain in accordance with local laws. Examples of unethical business practice include corruption, unfair competition, conflicts of interest, etc.



2.3 Does yo Sustaina	ur company have a management person responsible for Environmental ability ?
Yes:	If yes: Please provide responsible contact person
	Name:
	Email:
	Job title:
No No	
Background:	
environment o to environmen and reducing t	al sustainability relates to practices that contribute to the quality of the n a long-term basis. Companies are expected to support a proactive approach tal responsibility by protecting the environment, conserving natural resources he environmental footprint of their production, products and services throughout Examples of company practices include greenhouse gas emissions, waste tram, etc
2.4 Does yo	ur company have a Code of Conduct?
Yes:	If yes: Please provide relevant document or link to this document.by mail.
Background:	
	nduct is a set of rules outlining the responsibilities or proper practice for an ployee) and organization. It could cover social, ethical and environmental



2.5 Does your company provide a grievance mechanism through which impacted stakeholders and rights holders can raise complains and seek to have them address with the enterprise?		
,	Yes:	Yes, we have a grievance mechanism, which
		is available for our employees as well as for external stakeholders (e.g. suppliers, communities) and our whole supply chain
		If yes: Please share relevant contact details of your external stakeholder:
		Name:
		Job Title: Email:
<u> </u>		Telefon:
	Yes	Website:
	No	Yes, we have an internal grievance mechanism, which is available only for the employees of our company Please upload relevant document
Back	ground:	
to res contri those	spect humar buted to ad potentially	UN "Protect, Respect and Remedy" Framework, companies are responsible in rights and are expected to provide a remedy if their operations caused or verse human rights impacts. Operational-level grievance mechanisms for impacted by enterprises' activities are recommended as an effective process ompanies can enable remediation.
2.6	Does your	company have a CSR Strategy ?
	Yes:	If yes: Please upload relevant document
		If yes: does your company report results of CSR?



	If yes to which organization?:
	Contact person:
	Email:
	Telefon: Website:
No	
2.7 Is your co	mpany member of UN Global Compact?  If yes: Please share relevant link (progress report)
No	
Background:	
development of a which thus goes	Social Responsibility describes the social responsibility for sustainable company. A characteristic feature is the voluntary basis of the approach beyond what is required by law. CSR is also used in the CSRD as an he Corporate Sustainability Reporting Directive.
з Working	g conditions and human rights
3.1 Does your rights?	company have a formal policy covering working conditions and human
Yes:	If yes: Please upload relevant document
	Document Name: Document Page:
No	



## **Background:**

A company policy refers to a business approach to a given issue and contains general principles and/or practical how-to-do items. A policy may include components such as prohibited behaviors, rights, and dispute procedures. Social issues could be contained in the company's CSR policy, HR policy, Human Rights policy, etc. The list here presented refers to the Global Automotive Sustainability Guiding Principles. Human rights are the rights we are entitled to simply because we are human beings. They represent the universally agreed minimum conditions that enable all people to maintain their dignity. Human rights are inherent to all of us, whatever our nationality, place of residence, sex, national or ethnic origin, color, religion, or any other status.

Source: Universal Declaration of Human Rights

3.2 If answered "Yes" to Q 2.1 which of the following areas are covered by this policy?

Child labor and young workers
Wages and benefits
Working hours
Modern slavery (i.e. slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labor and human trafficking)
Freedom of association and collective
Bargaining
Harassment and non-discrimination

#### **Background information**

According to the UN Guiding Principles on Business and Human Rights, which were endorsed by the Human Rights Council resolution 17/4 in 2011, every company has to respect human rights and is responsible to do no harm to people. Child labor and young workers relate to the prohibition of employment of children who are under the legal minimum working age. Moreover, suppliers are expected to ensure that legally young workers that are under 18 years of age do not work at night or overtime and are protected against conditions of work which are harmful for their health, safety or development consistent with ILO Minimum Age Convention No. 138. ILO 138 light work consistent (article 6,7).

The supplier should ensure that the duty of young workers doesn't interfere with their school attendance. Young workers daily total duty time and schooling shall not exceed 10 hours.

Source: EU Charter of Fundamental Rights and ILO

Wages and benefits relate to the basic or minimum wage or salary and any additional entitlements payable directly or indirectly, in cash or in kind, by the employer to the worker and arising out of the worker's employment. Examples include paid sick days, family and medical leave, paid overtime, etc.

Source: ILO-UNGC Working hours relate to regular workweeks that should not exceed 48 hours.

A workweek shall be restricted to 60 hours in emergency situations, including overtime. All overtime shall be voluntary. Employees should have a minimum of one day-off every seven days. Laws and regulations on the maximum number of working hours and time off shall be respected.



Source: Ethical Trading Initiative, based on ILO conventions Modern slavery refers to all work or service exacted from any person under the menace of any penalty and for which that person has not offered himself/herself voluntarily.

Examples include forced overtime, retention of identity documents, as well as human trafficking. Modern slavery - is subject to the Modern Slavery Act 2015 by the Parliament of the United Kingdom. This Act creates for companies who meet identified criteria an obligation to publish a "slavery and human trafficking statement" every year six months after the end of the company's financial year.

Source: International Labour Organization (ILO) and The National Archives UK

Freedom of association relates to the right to freedom of

peaceful assembly and to freedom of association at all levels, in particular in political, trade union and civic matters, which implies the right of everyone to form and to join trade unions for the protection of his or her interests. This includes also collective bargaining, as a process of negotiations between employers and a group of employees aimed at reaching an agreement that regulates working conditions.

Harassment is defined as a harsh and inhumane treatment - or the threat of such a treatment - including any sexual harassment, sexual abuse, corporal punishment, mental or physical coercion or verbal abuse of workers. Source: Global Automotive Sustainability Practical Guidance Non-discrimination is a principle that requires the equal treatment of an individual or group irrespective of their particular characteristics, including sex, race, color, ethnic or social origin, genetic features, language, religion or belief, political or any other opinion, membership of a national minority, property, birth, disability, age or sexual orientation.

Source: EU Charter of Fundamental Rights

3.3	Uygnur Forced Labor Prevention Act (UFLPA)
3.3.1	Is your company aware and compliant to the UFLPA going into effect on June 21, 2022?
	Yes, all components sold to BJB, such as raw
	materials, supplies, packaging, or wages, comply with ULFPA.
	No
3.3.2	Has your company researched your entire supply chain to determine if any of your products, components or raw materials are going through Xinjiang for processing, assembly or packaging?
\	res:
	No



## **Health and Safety:**

3.4	Does your company have a formal written health and safety policy, which complies with <u>local law</u> , industry requirements and international standards?
	Yes: If yes: Please upload relevant document
	No
If ye	s: which of the following areas are covered by this policy?  Personal protective equipment  Machine safety
	Emergency preparedness Incident and accident management
	Workplace ergonomics
	Handling of chemicals
	Fire protection
	Others

## Background:

Health and safety refers to the science of the anticipation,

recognition, evaluation and control of hazards arising in or from the workplace that could impair the health and wellbeing of workers, taking into account the possible impact on the surrounding communities and the general environment.

Source: ILO Examples of specific activities on Health and Safety include: > Training on the use of personal protective equipment > Training on company Health and Safety policy > Work environment inspections > Training on work with hazardous materials > Distribution of educational materials on health and safety procedures > Information campaign for workers on health and safety procedures specific to the site

Health and safety policy must be compliant with legal requirements and should highlight the commitment of management and employees to a healthy and safe workplace with a goal of 'zero accidents'. It is the responsibility of management to provide sufficient resources and organization for health and safety and to do regular risk assessment and reporting in order to ensure continuous improvement of the system.



## 4 Business Ethics

Intellectual property

4	4.1 Does your company have a formal policy covering business ethics?
	Yes: If yes: Please upload relevant document
	No No
I	Background:
(	Business Conduct and Compliance Policy and principles apply to employees, independent contractors, consultants, and others with whom business has been done. Formal policy on business conduct and compliance helps drive business ethically, honestly, and in full compliance with all laws and regulations. Those principles should apply to every business
	decision in every area of the company (worldwide). The list here presented refers to the Global Automotive
(	Sustainability Guiding Principles
ķ	Corruption can take many forms that vary in degree from the minor use of influence to institutionalized bribery. It is defined as the abuse of entrusted power for private gain. This can mean not only financial gain but also non-financial advantages. Source: UN Global Compact and Transparency International Extortion: solicitation of bribes is the act of asking or enticing
á	another to commit bribery. It becomes extortion when this demand is accompanied by threats that endanger the personal integrity or the life of the private actors involved. Source: UN Global Compact and OECD Guidelines for Multinational Enterprises Bribery is an offer or receipt of any gift, loan, fee, reward or other advantage to or from any person as an inducement to do something which is dishonest, illegal or a breach of trust, in the conduct of the enterprise's business.
,	Source: UN Global Compact and Transparency International
	If Yes: Which of the following areas are covered by this policy?  Corruption, extortion and bribery Privacy Financial responsibility (accurate records Disclosure of information Fair competition and anti-trust Conflicts of interest
П	Counterfeit parts



Export controls and economic sanctions  Whistleblowing and protection against retaliation
5 Environment
<ul> <li>5.1 Does your company have a formal environmental policy, which includes a commitment to legal compliance, continuous measurement and continuous improvements in environmental performance?</li> <li>Yes: If yes: Please upload relevant document</li> </ul>
No If Yes:
Which of the following areas are covered by this policy?
Energy efficiency Renewable energy Water quality and consumption Air quality Sustainable resources management and waste reduction Responsible chemical management Other areas (please specify)

## **Background:**

An environmental policy shows the company's overall intentions and direction related to its environmental performance. It reflects the company's commitment and is formally expressed by top management. It provides a framework for action, setting environmental objectives which take into account applicable legal and other requirements and the company's environmental impact of its operations, products and services, with the purpose of decreasing the environmental impact, saving resources and costs.



5.2 Does your o	company have an	n environmental m	nanagement syste	em in place?
Yes:	f yes: Please upload	relevant document		
No				
If yes: please list a	Il certificates below	v:		
Awarding body				
Certificate number				
Valid until:				
Background:				
	al performance and i	mprove its environm	ental impact from its	reventive way, to wor operations, products
objectives; subscribi procedures to achiev preventing pollution.	ve continuous improv	vements to support e	nvironmental protect	
certification include:				
> ISO14001:2015 EI	мѕ			
> ISO14064 GHG				
> PAS 2060 Carbon	neutrality			
> BS/EN/ISO14006::	2011/14004:2010/14	001:2004 Environme	ental management sy	/stems
> BS8555 Certification	on: Implementation c	of environmental mar	nagement systems	
> PAS2050 Carbon	footprint			
> EU Eco-Managem	ent and Audit Schem	ne (EMAS)		
> Others:		<del></del>		
Environmental audits environmental performant			emonstrate its comp of its environmental p	

it has committed itself to. Environmental audits can be conducted internally or by an external body that issues a certificate.

measuring the extent to which a company lives up to the shared values and objectives



5.3 Does your site use any substances with restrictions in production or operations? (RoHs and Reach)
Yes: If yes: Please upload relevant document
No No
If yes, does your site have written procedures to manage substances with restrictions?
Yes: If yes: Please upload relevant document
No
Background:
Restrictions are a tool to protect human health and the environment from unacceptable risks posed by chemicals. Restrictions may limit or ban the manufacture, placing on the market or use of a substance. A restriction applies to any substance on its own, in a mixture or in an article, including those that do not require registration. It can also apply to imports. Examples of hazardous substances include - but not limited to: lead, AZO dyes, DMF, PAHs, Phthalates, PFOS, nickel release.
Source: European Chemicals Agency
Examples of regulations on restricted substances and chemical handling:
(1) REACH (Registration, Evaluation, Authorization,
and Restriction of Chemicals): REACH is a European Union Regulation addressing the
production and use of chemical substances, and their potential impact on both human health and the environment. The regulation defines and includes substances, preparations and articles. Manufacturers and importers are required to gather information on the properties of their chemical
substances and to register the information in a central database run by the European Chemicals

## (2) RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances):

Agency.

RoHS or the Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Directive (2011/65/EU) bans the placing on the EU market of new electrical and electronic equipment containing more than the agreed levels of lead, cadmium, mercury and other substances.



## 6 Supplier Management

6.1	Yes: If yes: Please upload relevant document
	No
	INO
If ye	s: Which areas are covered by this set of requirements?
	Working conditions and human rights
	Child labour and young workers
	Wages and benefits
	Working hours
	Modern slavery (i.e. slavery, servitude and forced or compulsory labour and human trafficking)
	Freedom of association and collective bargaining
	Harassment and non-discrimination
	Health and safety
	Business ethics
	Corruption, extortion and bribery
	Privacy and data protection
	Fair competition and anti-trust
	Conflicts of interest
	Whistleblowing and protection against retaliation
	Environment
	Emissions, energy efficiency and renewables
	Water quality and consumption
	Air quality

## **Background:**

Examples of Supplier CSR/Sustainability Policy could be a specific Supplier Code of Conduct or a Company Conduct document which applies to both internal employees as well as external business partners, such as suppliers. The objective should be to promote healthy working conditions and environmental responsibility throughout the entire supply chain.

Upstream supplier management refers to enforcing sustainability requirements in the entire supply chain, i.e. making sure that suppliers also have established the requirements for their own suppliers.



# 6.2 Responsible Sourcing of Raw Materials <a href="https://drivesustainability.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/07/Material-Change VF.pdf">https://drivesustainability.org/wp-content/uploads/2018/07/Material-Change VF.pdf</a>

Aluminum/ Bauxite Cobalt Copper Glass (silica sand) Gold Graphite (natural) Molybdän Lithium Mica Nickel Palladium Rare Earth Elements Rubber (natural) Steel/ Iron
Cobalt Copper Glass (silica sand) Gold Graphite (natural) Molybdän Lithium Mica Nickel Palladium Rare Earth Elements Rubber (natural) Steel/ Iron
Copper Glass (silica sand) Gold Graphite (natural) Molybdän Lithium Mica Nickel Palladium Rare Earth Elements Rubber (natural) Steel/ Iron
Glass (silica sand) Gold Graphite (natural) Molybdän Lithium Mica Nickel Palladium Rare Earth Elements Rubber (natural) Steel/ Iron
Gold Graphite (natural) Molybdän Lithium Mica Nickel Palladium Rare Earth Elements Rubber (natural) Steel/ Iron
Graphite (natural)  Molybdän  Lithium  Mica  Nickel  Palladium  Rare Earth Elements  Rubber (natural)  Steel/ Iron
Molybdän Lithium Mica Nickel Palladium Rare Earth Elements Rubber (natural) Steel/ Iron
Lithium  Mica  Nickel  Palladium  Rare Earth Elements  Rubber (natural)  Steel/ Iron
Mica Nickel Palladium Rare Earth Elements Rubber (natural) Steel/ Iron
Nickel Palladium Rare Earth Elements Rubber (natural) Steel/ Iron
Palladium Rare Earth Elements Rubber (natural) Steel/ Iron
Rubber (natural) Steel/ Iron
Steel/ Iron
Tantalum
Tin
Tungsten
Zinc
Quicksilver
None
If any raw material from the list above selected, does your company have a policy on the responsible sourcing of these raw materials?
Yes: If yes please upload files
No Rackground:

Responsible Sourcing of Materials: Companies are expected to conduct due diligence to understand

> conduct due diligence to understand the source of the raw materials used in their products.

the source of the raw materials used in their products. Companies are expected to:



> not knowingly provide products containing raw materials that contribute to human rights abuses, bribery and ethics violations, or negatively impact the environment.

> use validated conflict free smelters and refiners for procurement of tin, tungsten, tantalum and gold contained in the products they produce Guidance which raw materials are contained in products can be found in IMDS. For more information on priority materials, producer countries, and associated environmental, social, and governance issue please refer to the Material Change report.

6.3 If one of this materials is marked, does your company have a company-scope Conflict Minerals Reporting Template (CMRT)?
Yes: If yes: Please upload relevant document
No
Background:
EU-Directive on Conflict Minerals. The Directive requires large public-interest entities with
more than 500 employees to disclose in their annual report relevant information on: policies, outcomes and risks, including due diligence that they implement; relevant nonfinancial key performance indicators; environmental aspects, social and employee matters, respect for human rights, anticorruption and bribery issues.
6.4 Does your company or suppliers out of your supply chain produce or use POP-Chemicals for your production?  Yes:
No
Overview:
if yes: Which of below chemicals are used by your company?
Aldrin (CAS Nummer 309-00-2) Alpha-Hexachlorcyclohexan (α-HCH) (CAS Nummer 319-84-6) Beta-Hexachlorcyclohexan (β-HCH) (CAS Nummer 319-85-7) Chlordan (CAS Nummer 57-74-9) Chlordecon (CAS-Nr. 143-50-0 ,2001) Decabromodiphenyl (CAS Nummer 1163-19-5) Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane (DDT) (CAS-Nr. 50-29-3) Dicofol (CAS Nummer 115-32-2) Dieldrin (CAS Nummer 60-57-1)



	Endosulfan (CAS Nummer 115-29-7, 959-98-8, 33213-65-9)
	Endrin (CAS Nummer 72-20-8)
	Heptabromodiphenyl ether (heptaBDE) (CAS Nummer 446255-22-7)
	Heptachlor (CAS Nummer 76-44-8)
	Hexabrombiphenylether (HBB) (CAS Nummer 36355-01-8)
	HexaBromCycloDoDecan(HBCDD, CAS Nummer 3194-55-6)
	Hexabromodiphenyl (hexaBDE) (CAS Nummer 68631-49-2)
	Hexachlorbenzol (HCB) (CAS Nummer 118-74-1)
	Hexachlorbutadien (HCBD) (CAS Nummer 87-68-3)
	SCCP (engl. short-chained chlorinated paraffins (CAS-Nummern: 85535-84-8, 68920-70-7, 71011-12-6, 85536-22-7, 85681-73-8, 108171-26-2)
	Lindan (CAS Nummer 58-89-9) also named as γ-Hexachlorcyclohexan (HCH))
	Mirex (CAS Nummer 2385-85-5)
	Polycyclic Aromatic Hydrocarbon (is in more than 10 000 chemical connections)
	Polybromierte Diphenylether (PBDE)
	Pentabromodiphenylether (pentaBDE) (CAS Nummer 32534-81-9)
	Pentachlorbenzol (PeCB) (CAS Nummer 608-93-5)
	Pentachlorphenol (PCP) (CAS Nummer 87-86-5)
	PerFluoroOctanoic Acid) (CAS Nummer 335-67-1)
	Perfluoroctansulfonsäure (PFOS) (CAS Nummer 1763-23-1)
	Polychlorierte Naphthaline (PCN)
	Polychlorierte Biphenyle (PCB)
	Tetrabromdiphenylether (tetraBDE)
	Toxaphen (CAS Nummer 8001-35-2)
	Not listed? Please enter name and CAS number
6.5	if yes: Are you handling the POP chemicals regarding the Stockholm
	Convention regulation (EU) 2019/1021 of June 20, 2019 ?
_	1
	Yes
	I
	No

## **Background**

Persistent organic pollutants (POPs) are the subject of the Stockholm Convention on POPs and the POP Protocol under the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe (UNECE) Convention on Long-Range Transboundary Air Pollution (CLRTAP). Both conventions under international law have the overarching goal of reducing or eliminating the production, use and release of the substances as far as possible. The Stockholm Convention is implemented in Europe by Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 of June 20, 2019 (EU POP Regulation).

## **Overview link:**

https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/DE/TXT/PDF/?uri=CELEX:32019R1021&from=DE



following countries: List of High Risk country's (	Cahras List)
Afghanistan	Myanmar
Ägypten	Niger
Burkina Faso	Nigeria
Burundi	Pakistan
Demokratische Republik Kongo	Philippinen
Eritrea	Pakistan
Indien	Simbabwe
Jemen	Somalia
Kamerun	Südsudan
Kolumbien	Sudan
Libyen	Tschad
Mali	Türkei
Mexiko	Ukraine
Mosambik	Venezuela
	Zentralafrikanische Republik
	Nepublik
- have an avery / that handling th	and the second s
<b>s</b> , now are you / they handling the cribe the process below	ne minerals or metal parts? Please upload relevant document
_	
No	
e, Date,	Signature

Does your company or suppliers import or use minerals or metal parts from

6.6